

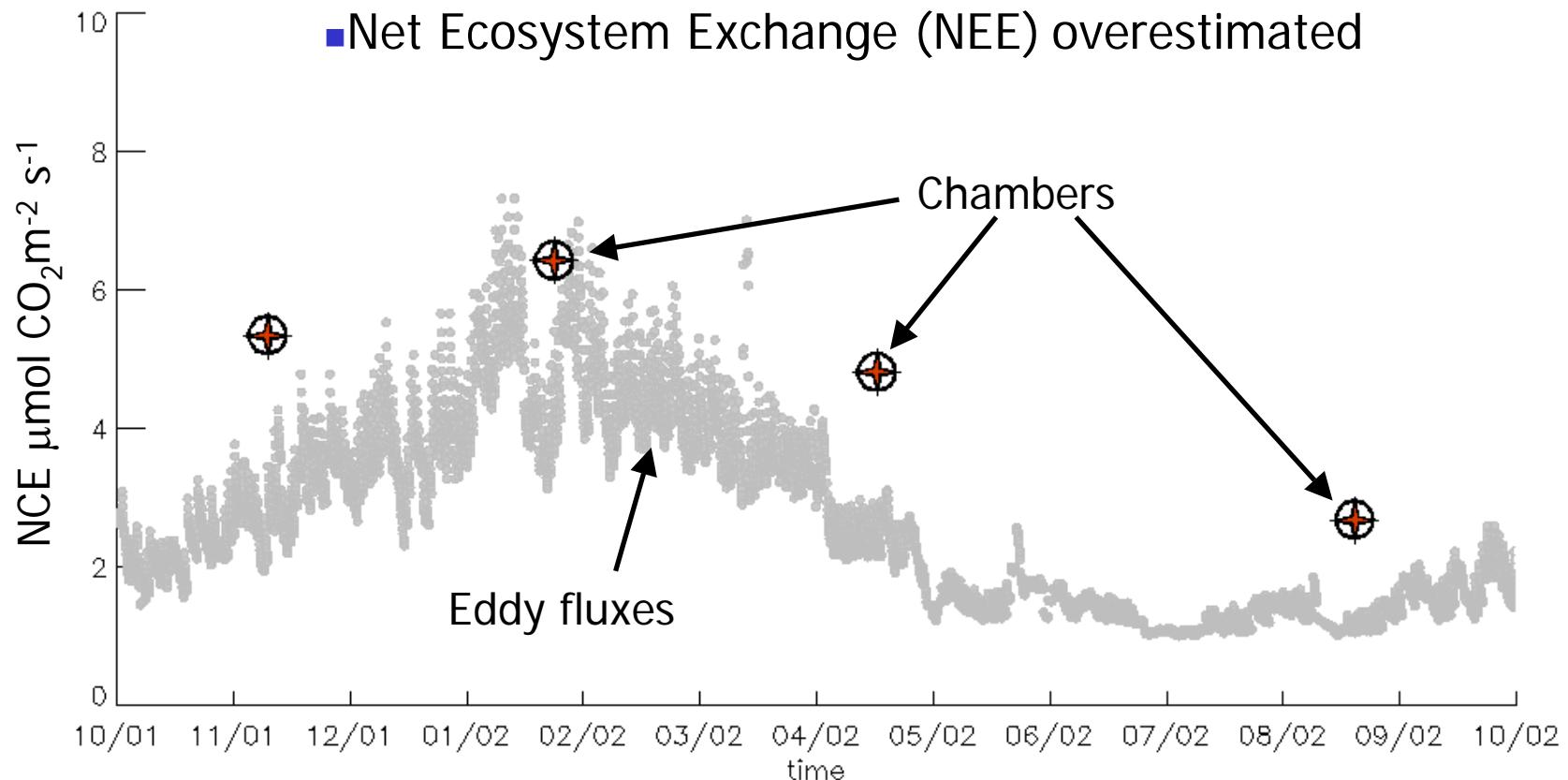
Lecture 7: Nocturnal fluxes

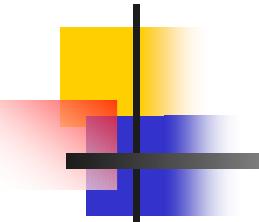
- Nocturnal advection experiment
 - Measuring nocturnal drainage flows of CO₂ below a forest canopy
- Nocturnal CO₂ fluxes
 - u_* correction
 - van Gorsel method
- An advection experiment
- Summary

Eddy fluxes vs chamber measurements

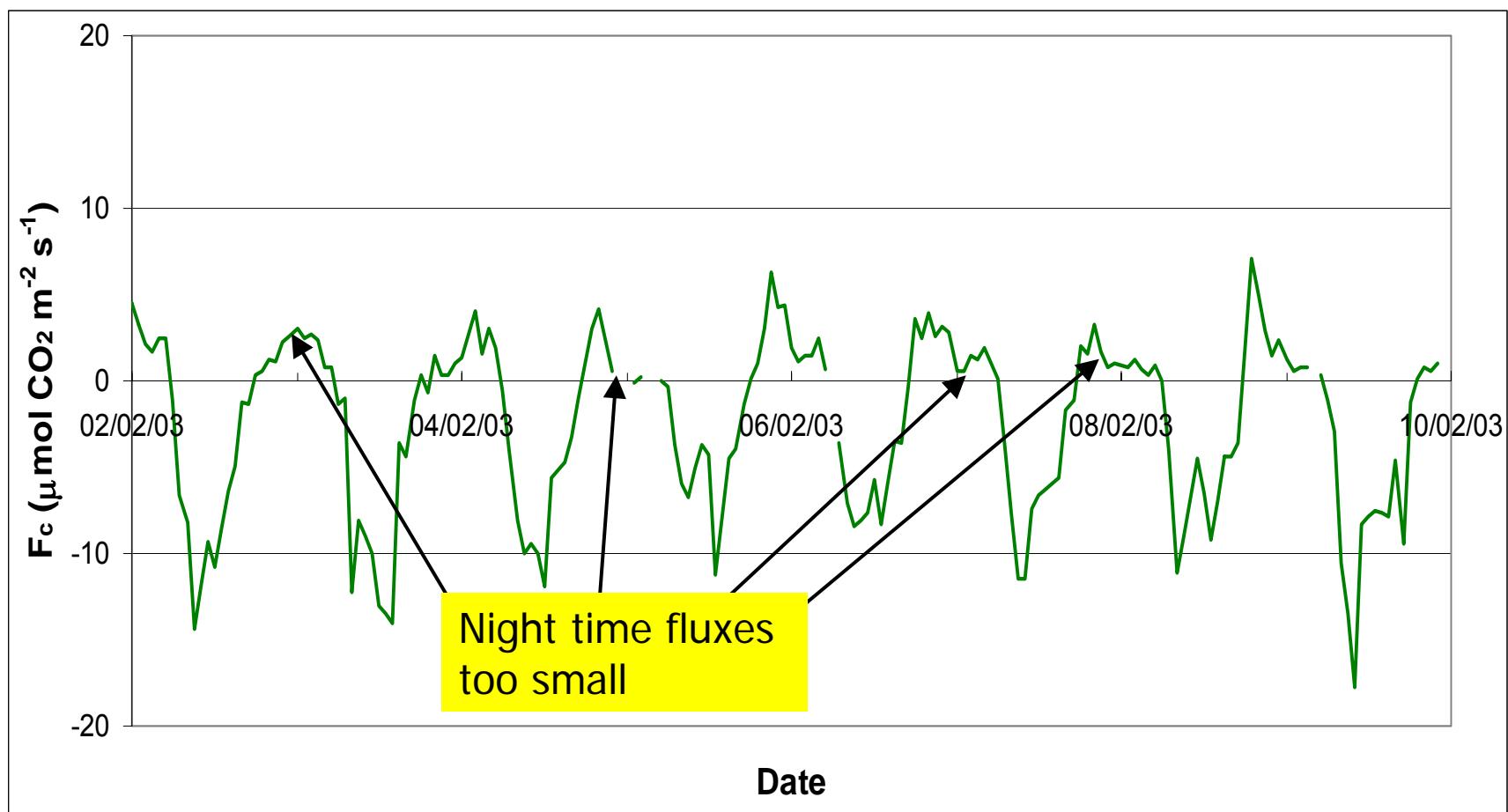
Van Gorsel et al. (2006)

- Comparisons consistently show:
- Nocturnal Carbon Exchange (NCE) underestimated
- Net Ecosystem Exchange (NEE) overestimated

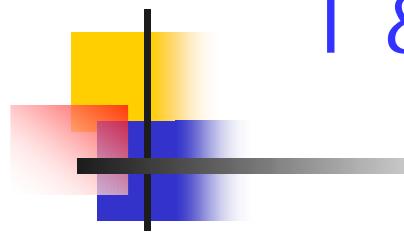




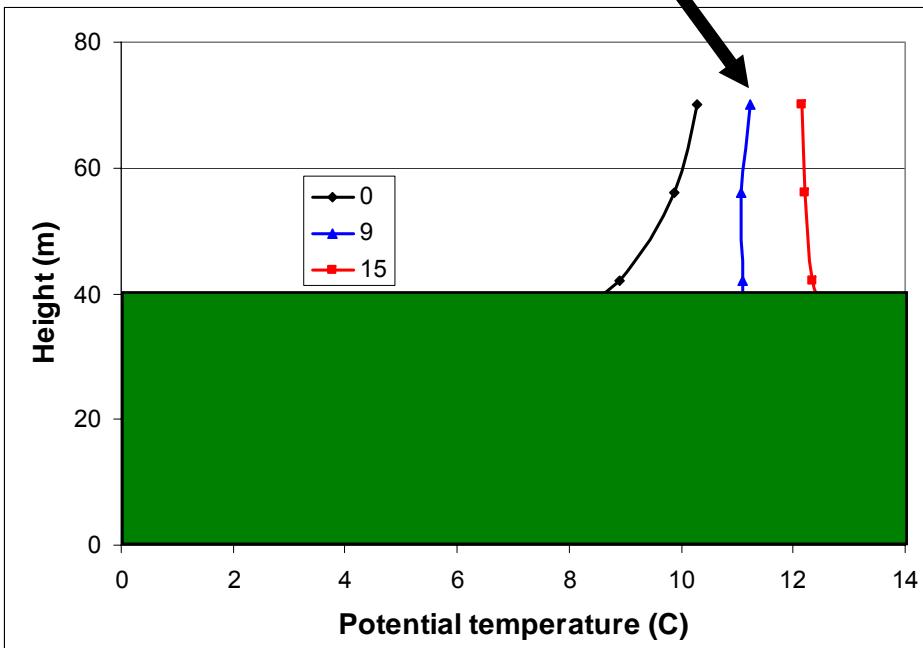
CO₂ fluxes at Tumbarumba



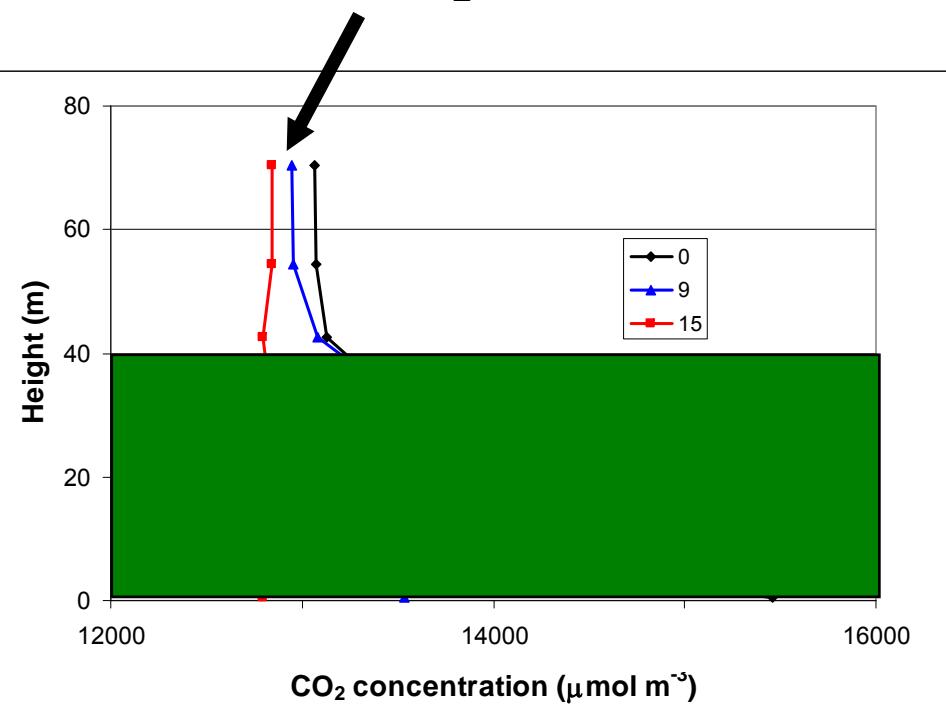
T & CO₂ profiles



Variation in θ day to night

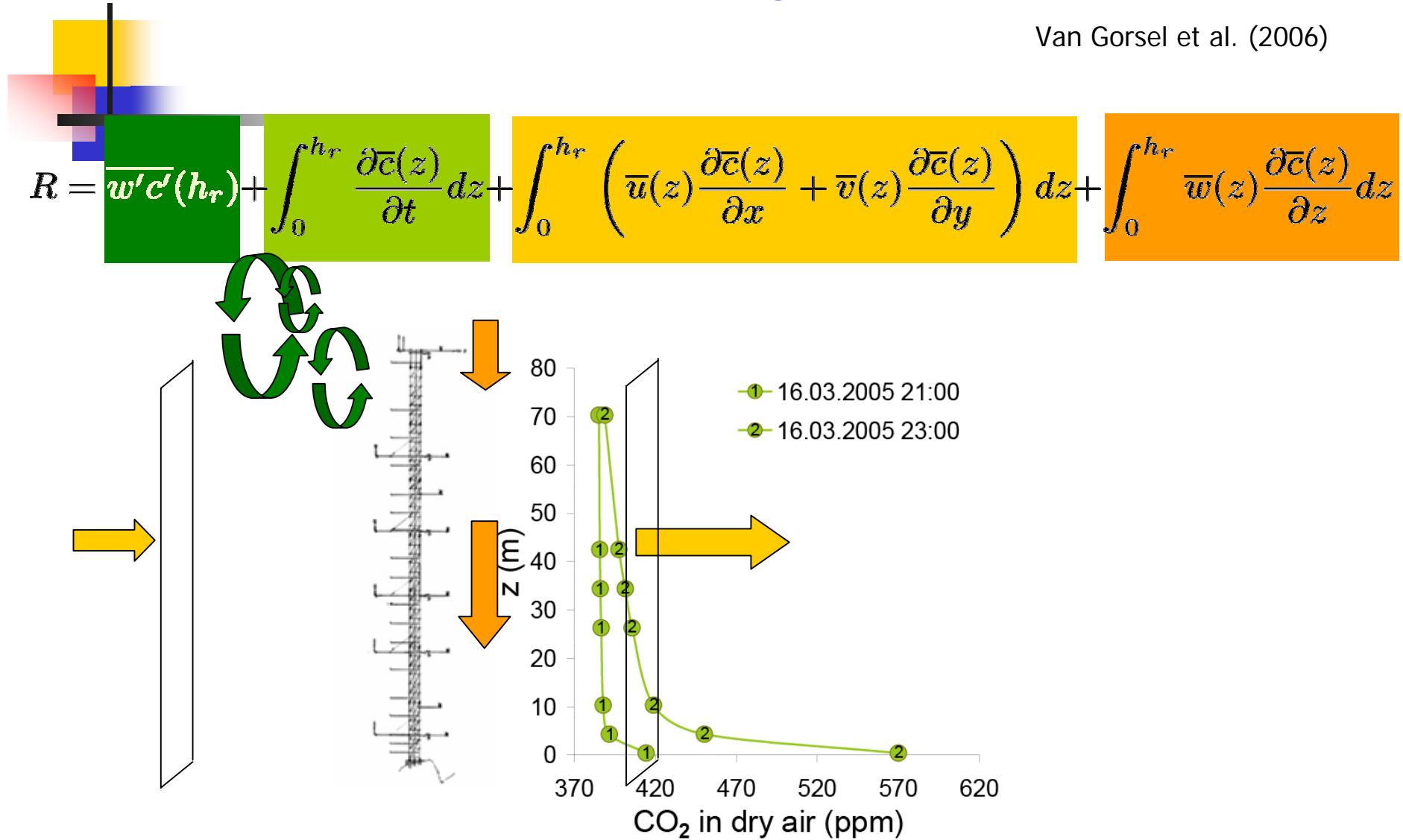


Variation in CO₂ day to night



Measurements on a single tower

Van Gorsel et al. (2006)



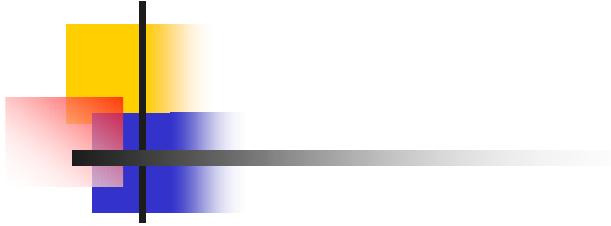
Neglect advection

Van Gorsel et al. (2006)

$$R = \overline{w'c'}(h_r) + \int_0^{h_r} \frac{\partial \bar{c}(z)}{\partial t} dz + \int_0^{h_r} \left(\bar{u}(z) \frac{\partial \bar{c}(z)}{\partial x} + \bar{v}(z) \frac{\partial \bar{c}(z)}{\partial y} \right) dz + \int_0^{h_r} \bar{w}(z) \frac{\partial \bar{c}(z)}{\partial z} dz$$

- Horizontal & vertical advection not measured
 - Assume horizontally homogeneous, flat terrain

Eddy flux + change in storage

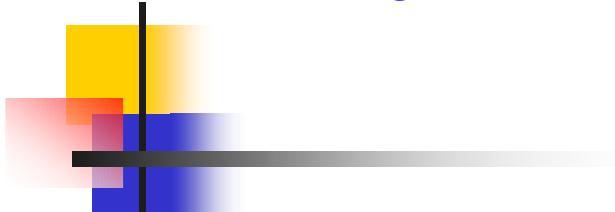


Van Gorsel et al. (2006)

$$R = \overline{w'c'}(h_r) + \int_0^{h_r} \frac{\partial \bar{c}(z)}{\partial t} dz$$

- Horizontal & vertical advection not measured
 - Assume horizontally homogeneous, flat terrain
- Strong turbulence
 - No change in storage

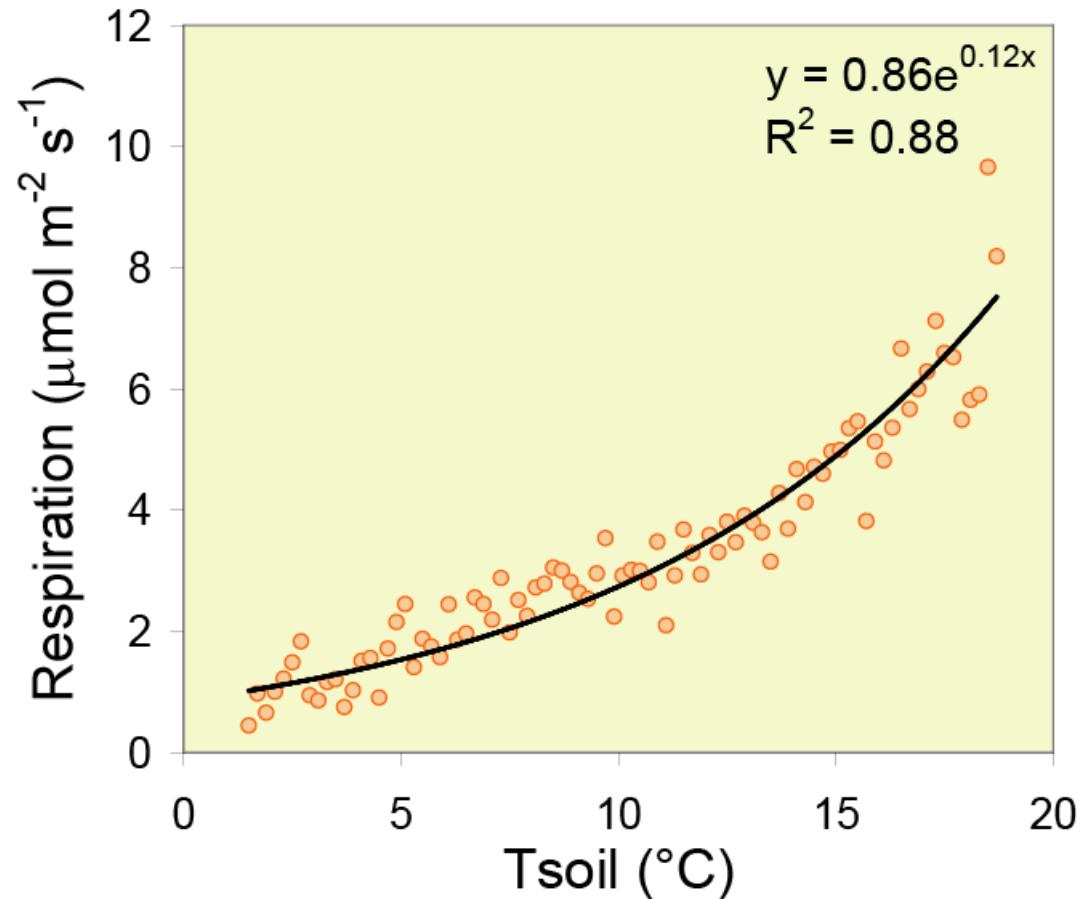
Eddy fluxes, 'strong' turbulence


$$R = \overline{w'c'}(h_r)$$

$$R = f(T_{soil})$$

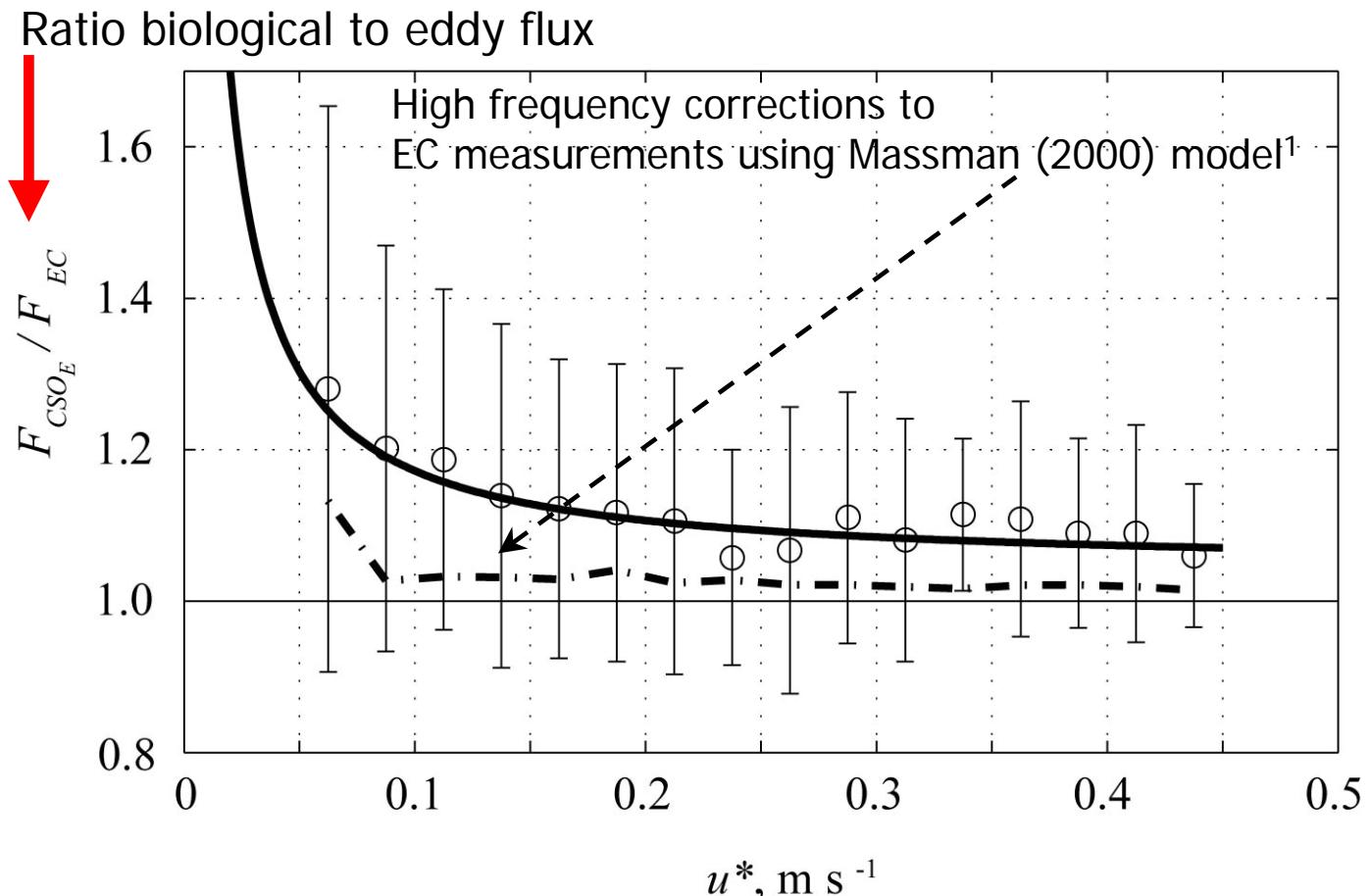
$$u_* > 0.25 \text{ m s}^{-1}$$

Van Gorsel et al. (2006)



CO₂ Fluxes above the Canopy

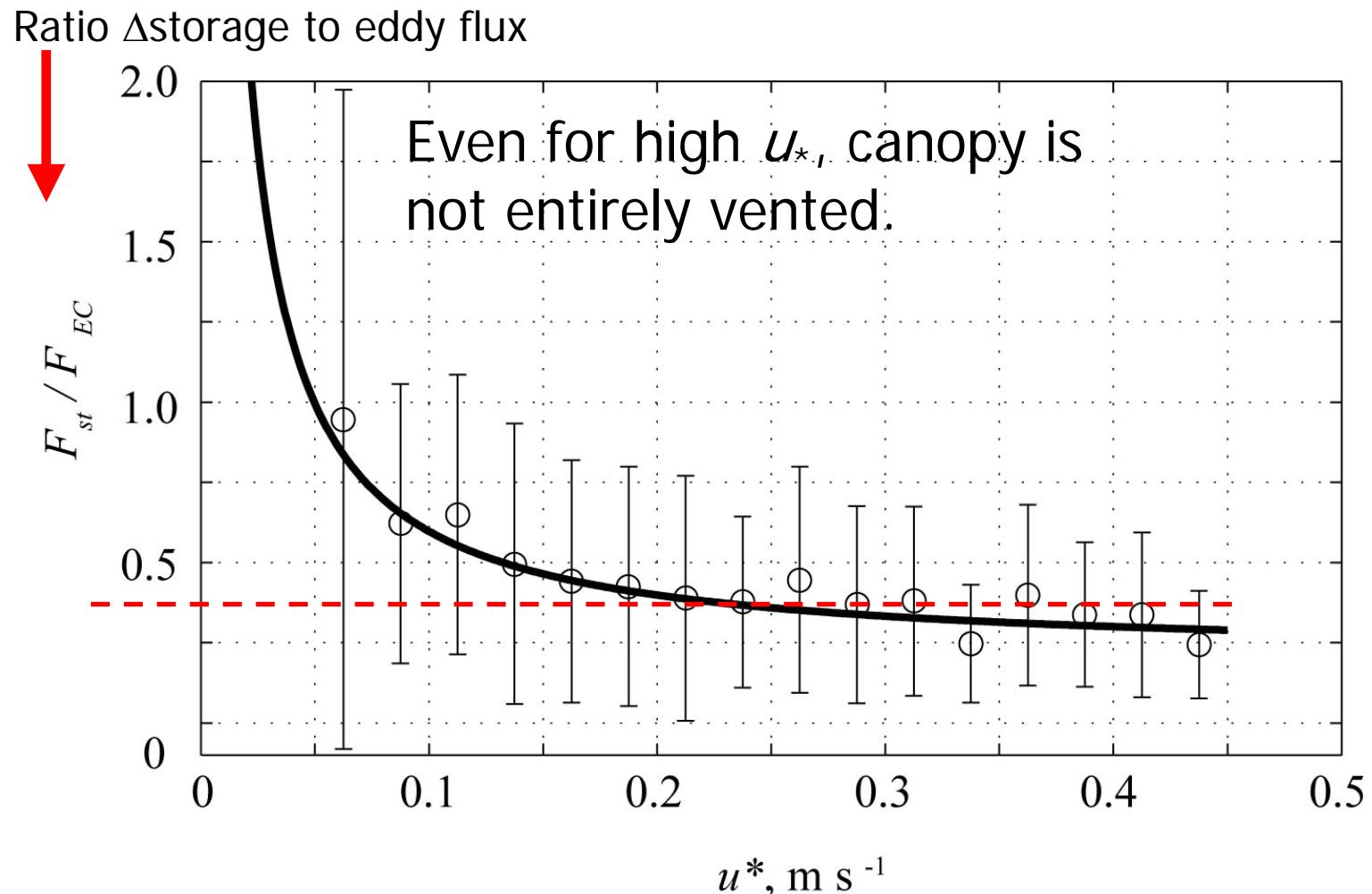
Courtesy Prof. G. Katul, Duke University



¹Massman, W. J. (2000), A simple method for estimating frequency response corrections for eddy covariance systems, Agricultural and Forest Meteorology, 104, 185-198

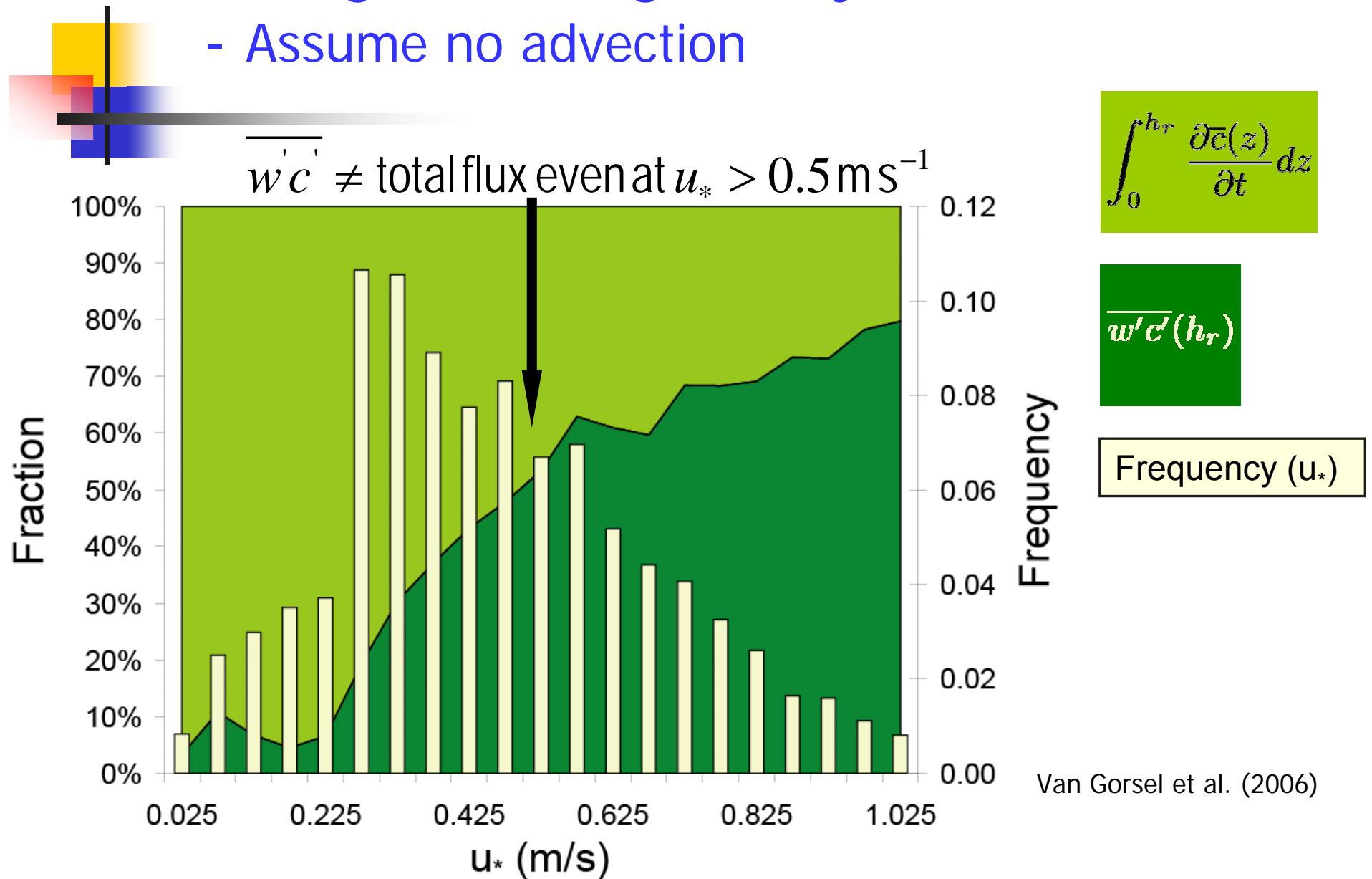
Storage Flux vs Canopy Flux

Courtesy Prof. G. Katul, Duke University

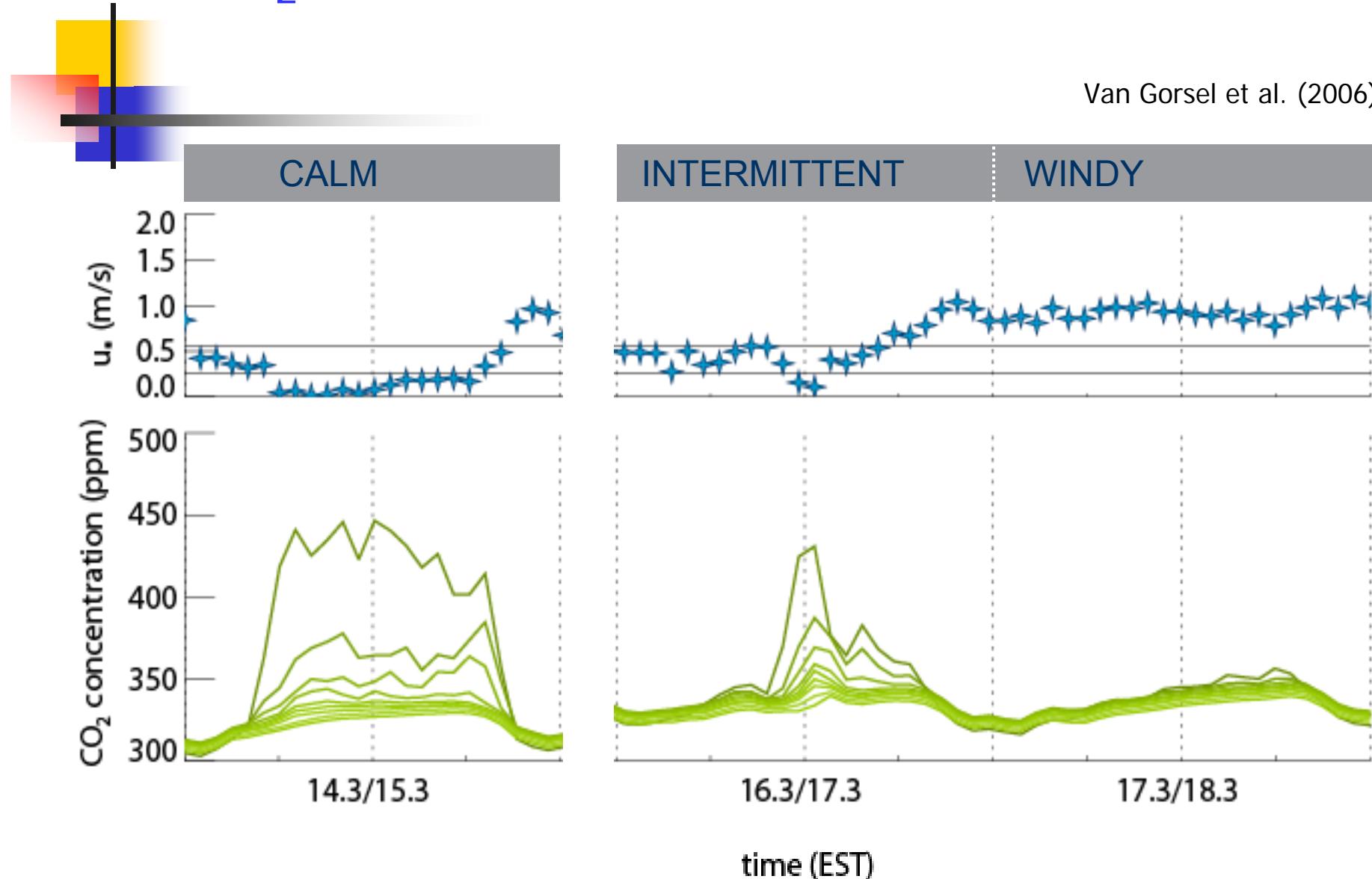


Change in storage, eddy flux & u_*

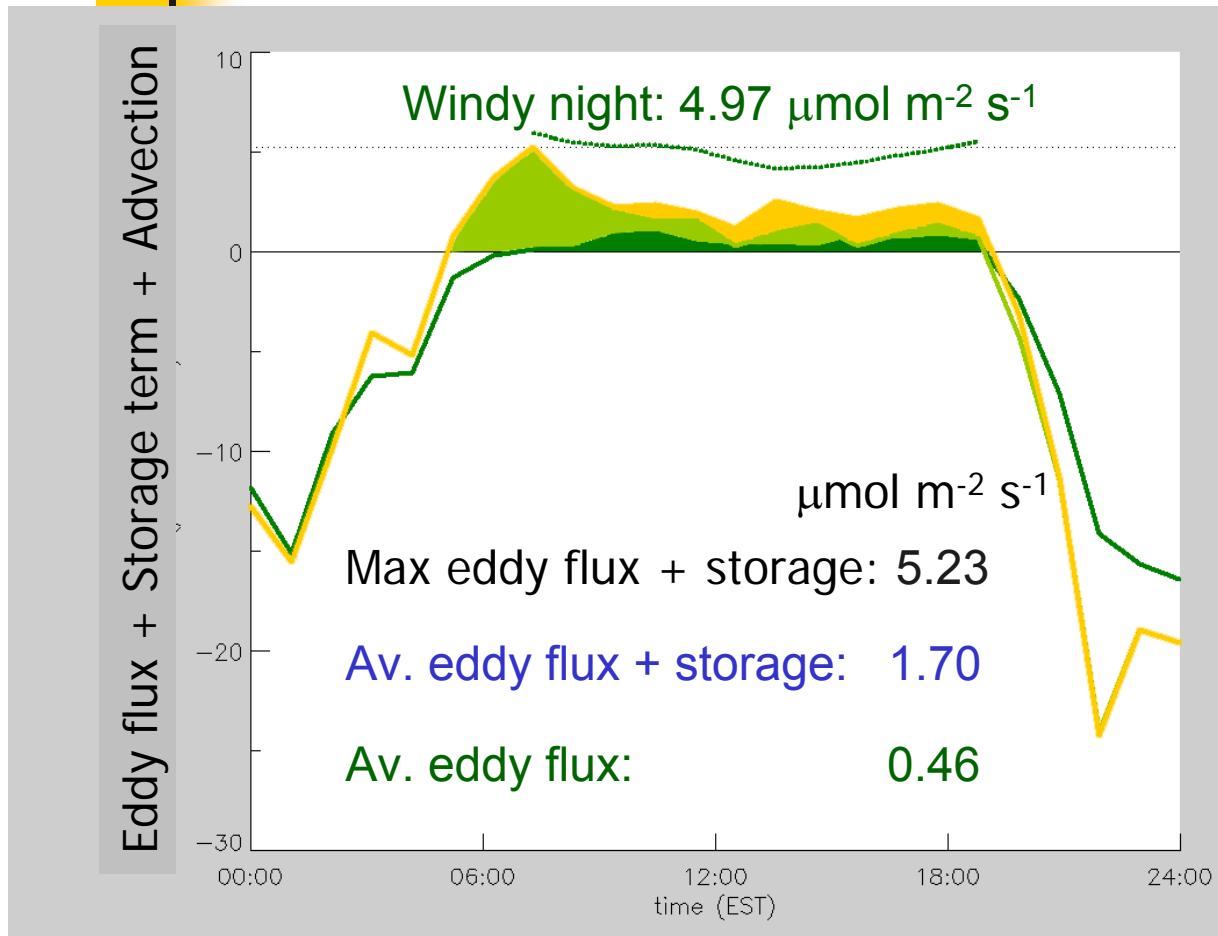
- Assume no advection



CO₂ concentration time series



Eddy flux + Storage term + Advection



Total night time NCE

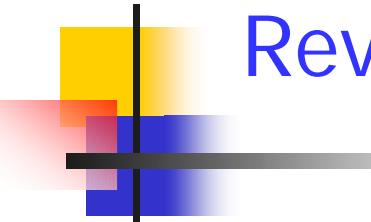
Chamber (Soil + Leaf + Wood)
 $5.18 \text{ } \mu\text{mol m}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$

$$\overline{w'c'}(h_r)$$

$$\overline{w'c'}(h_r) + \int_0^{h_r} \frac{\partial \bar{c}(z)}{\partial t} dz$$

Van Gorsel et al. (2006)

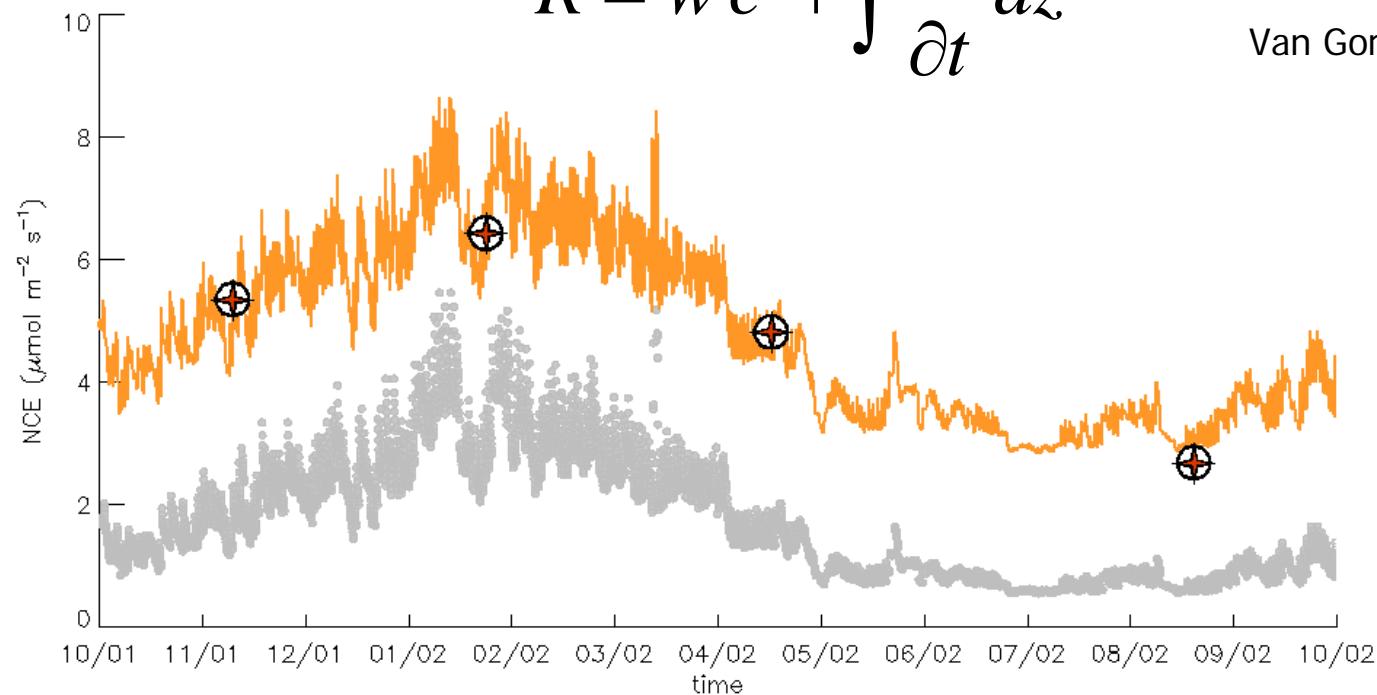
$$\overline{w'c'}(h_r) + \int_0^{h_r} \frac{\partial \bar{c}(z)}{\partial t} dz + \int_0^{h_r} \left(\bar{u}(z) \frac{\partial \bar{c}(z)}{\partial x} + \bar{v}(z) \frac{\partial \bar{c}(z)}{\partial y} \right) dz$$



Revised NCE using nightly maximum

$$R = \overline{w' c} + \int \frac{\partial c}{\partial t} dz$$

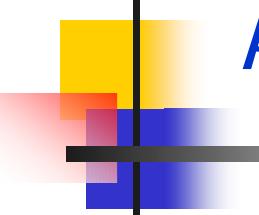
Van Gorsel et al. (2006)





Summary

Applying a relationship between T_{soil} and R_{\max}
Improves estimate of NCE when eddy flux flux
and storage terms are measured but advection is
not.



An advection experiment

- Measure all terms in mass balance of a 50 x 50 x 6 m control volume on forest floor at Tumbarumba

Advection experiment

- mass balance on a control volume

$$\bar{F}_0 = \bar{c}_d \overline{w \chi_c} \Big|_h + \bar{c}_d \int_0^h w \frac{\partial \bar{\chi}_c}{\partial z} dz \quad \text{Eddy flux at } h + \text{vertical advection}$$

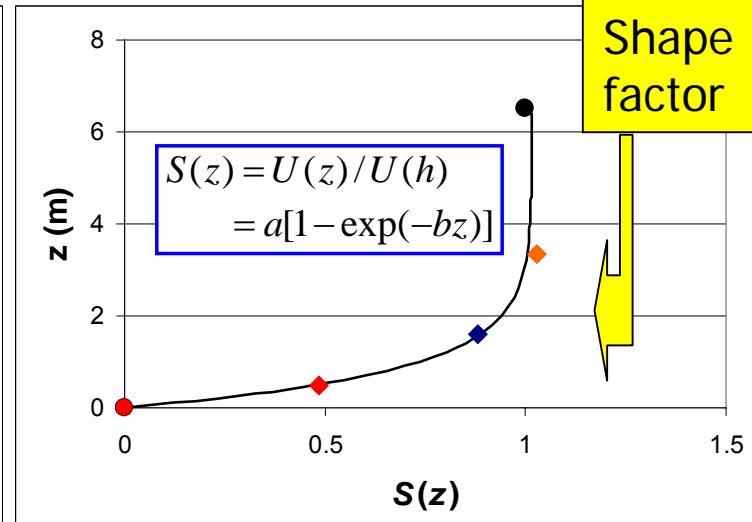
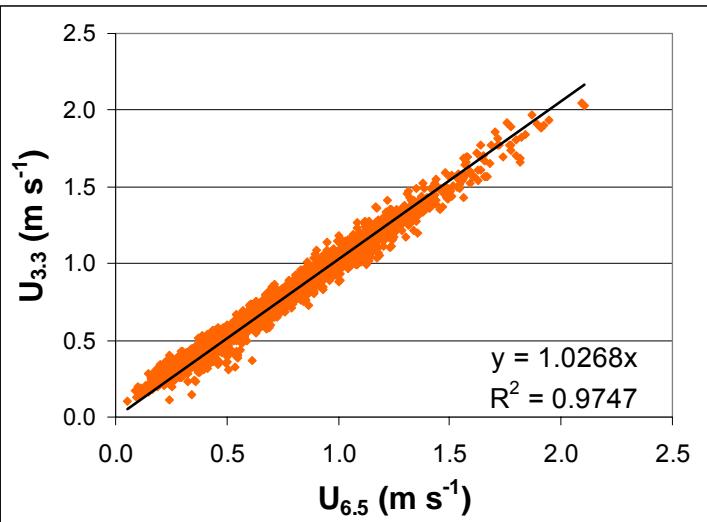
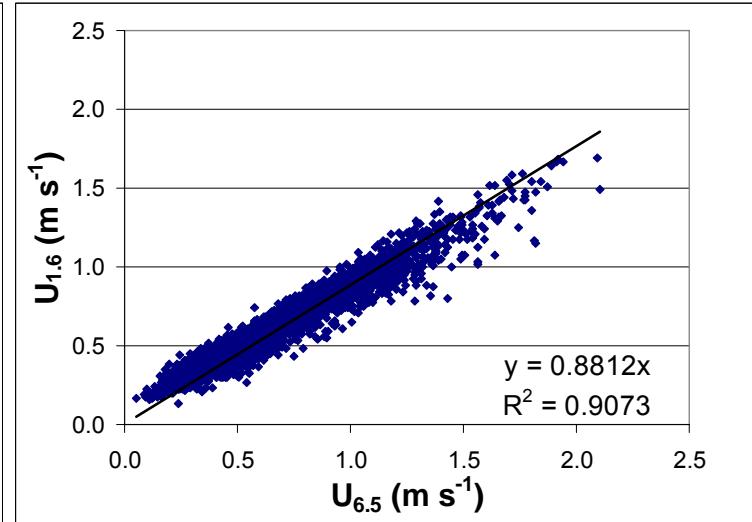
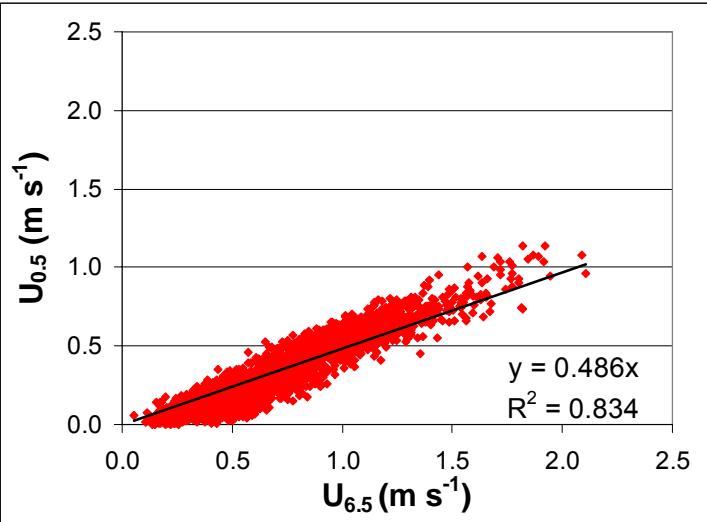
$$+ \frac{\bar{c}_d}{\Delta t} \left[\int_0^h \chi_c dz \Big|_{t+\Delta t} - \int_0^h \chi_c dz \Big|_t \right] \quad \text{Change in storage}$$

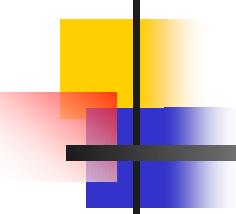
$$+ \frac{\bar{c}_d}{L} \left[\int_0^h \overline{u_h \chi_{c,yz}}(z) dz \Big|_L - \int_0^h \overline{u_h \chi_{c,yz}}(z) dz \Big|_0 \right] \quad \text{Advection } x \text{ direction}$$

$$+ \frac{\bar{c}_d}{L} \left[\int_0^h \overline{v_h \chi_{c,xz}}(z) dz \Big|_L - \int_0^h \overline{v_h \chi_{c,xz}}(z) dz \Big|_0 \right] \quad \text{Advection } y \text{ direction}$$

Define normalized wind profiles:

$$S(z) = u(z)/u_h = v(z)/v_h$$





Horizontal advection: shape & sample weighting factors

$$S(z) = u(z)/u_h = v(z)/v_h \quad \text{Shape factor}$$

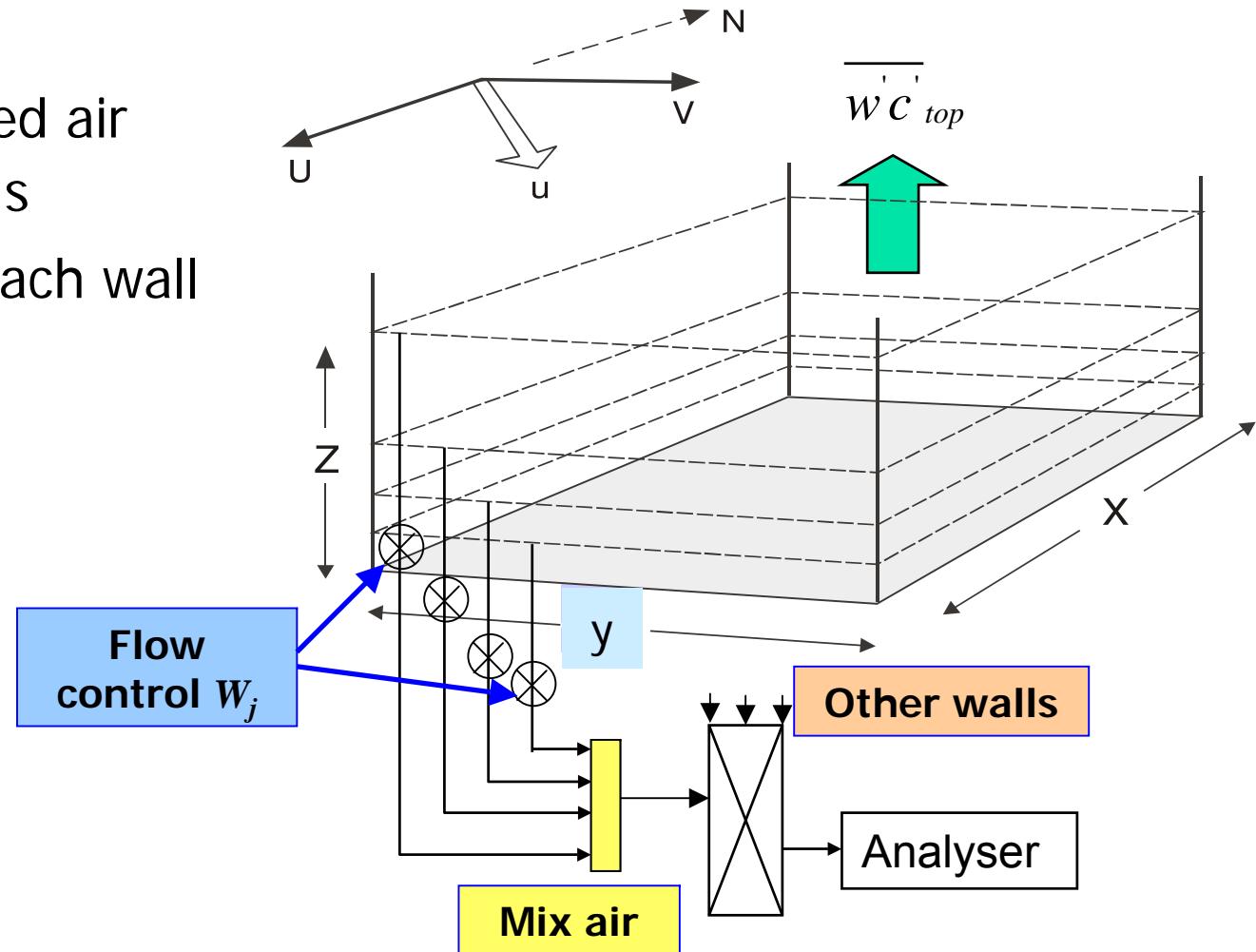
$$W_j = S(z) \Delta z \quad \text{Weighting factor}$$

$$F_{adv,hor} = \frac{\bar{c}_d \bar{\mathbf{u}}_h}{L} \left[\sum_{j=1}^6 \bar{W}_j \bar{\chi}_{c,yz,j} \Big|_L - \sum_{j=1}^6 \bar{W}_j \bar{\chi}_{c,yz,j} \Big|_0 \right]$$

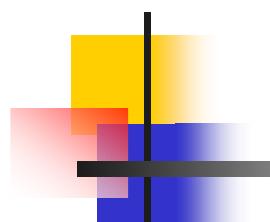
$$+ \frac{\bar{c}_d \bar{\mathbf{v}}_h}{L} \left[\sum_{j=1}^6 \bar{W}_j \bar{\chi}_{c,xz,j} \Big|_L - \sum_{j=1}^6 \bar{W}_j \bar{\chi}_{c,xz,j} \Big|_0 \right]$$

Air sampling - W_j

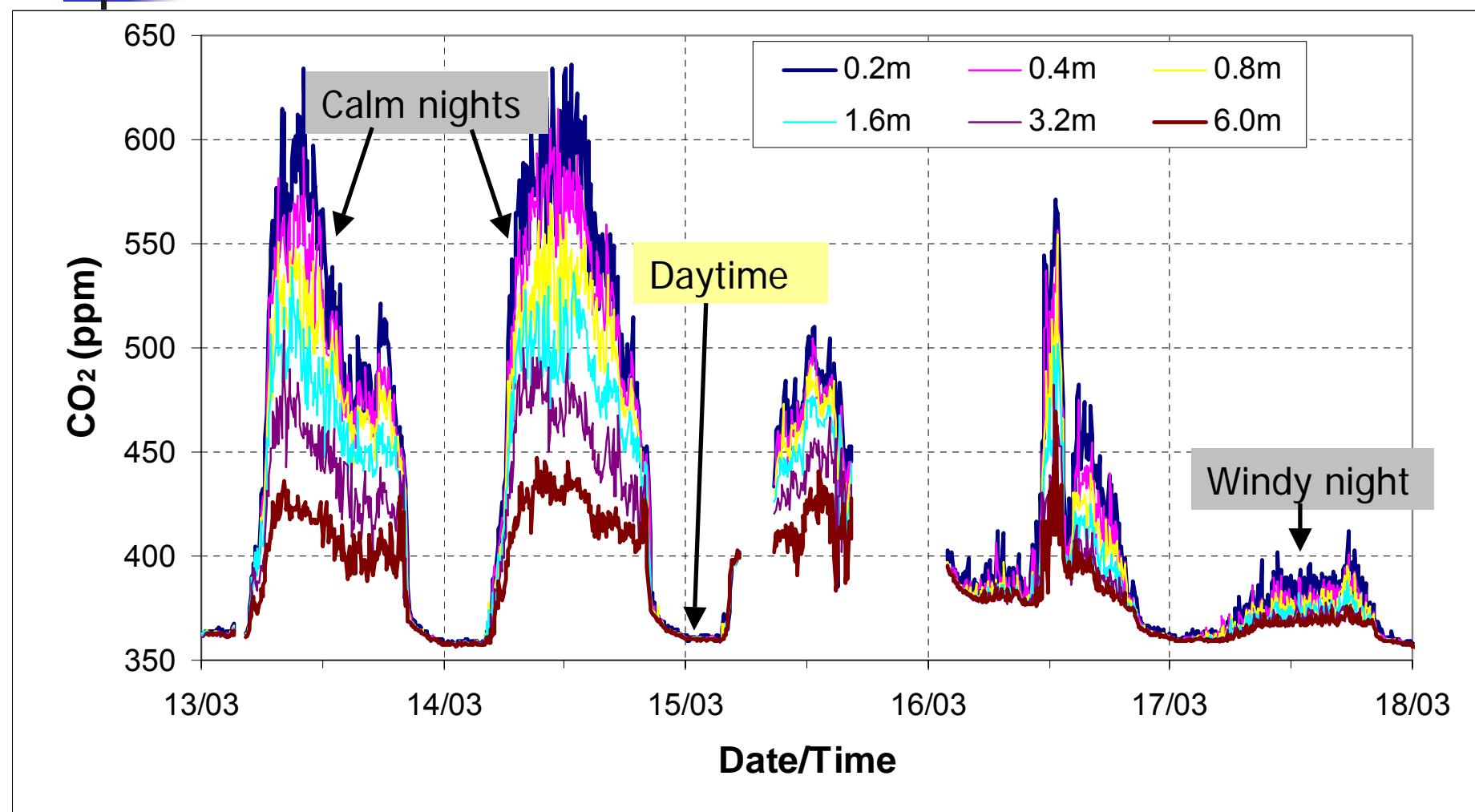
- Mix flow-weighted air (W_j) from 6 levels
- Pump air from each wall to gas analyzer

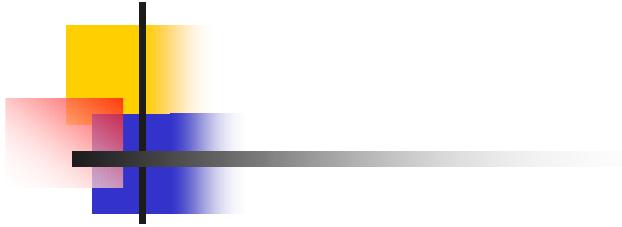






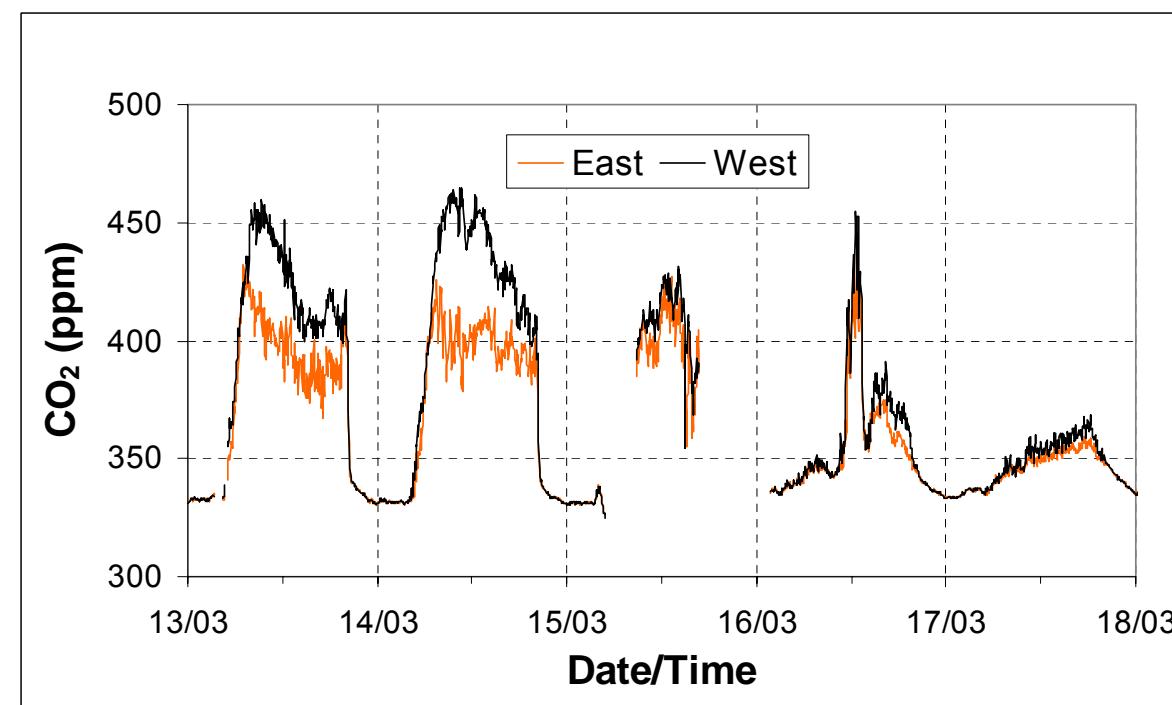
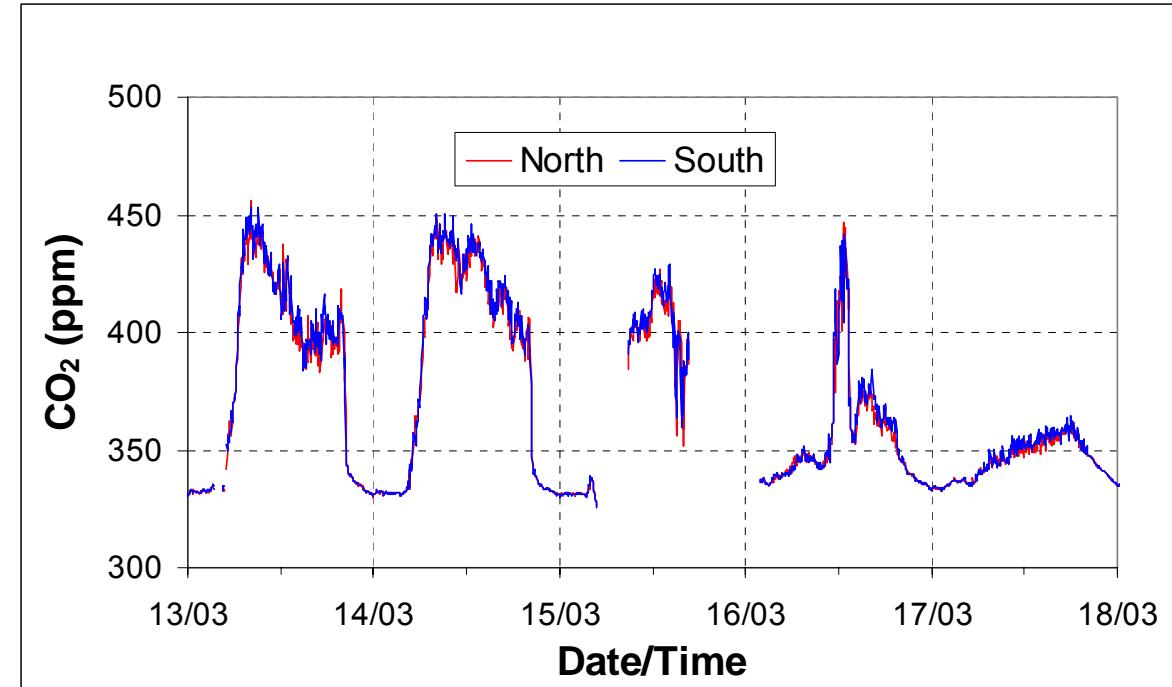
CO₂ profiles- central mast of CV





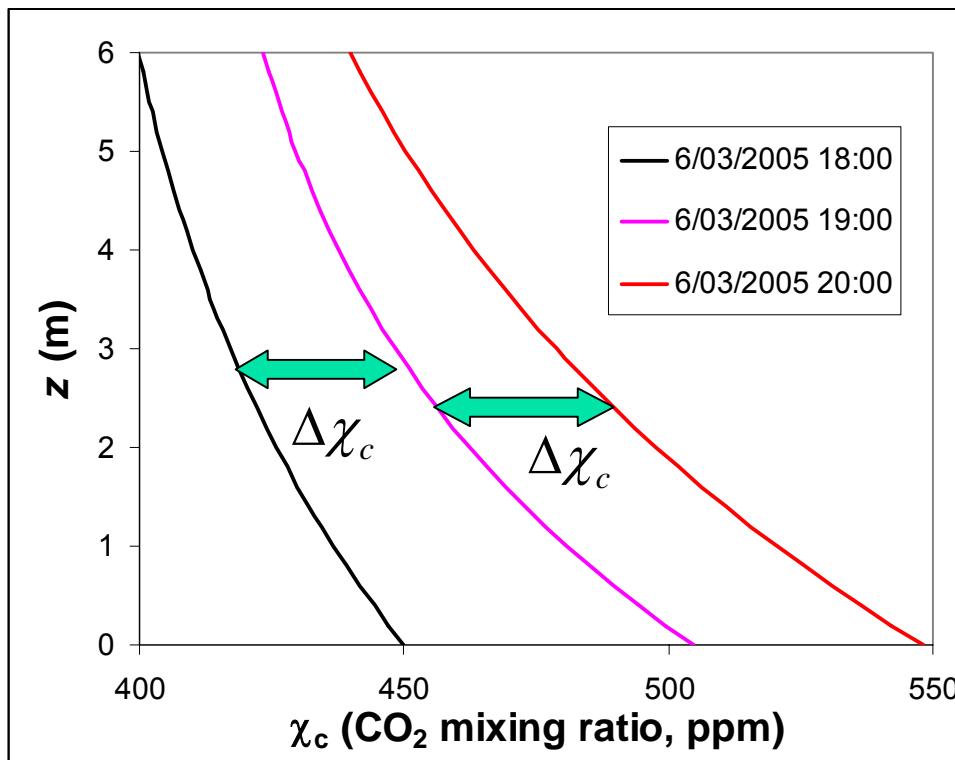
Weighted
concentrations on
4 walls of CV

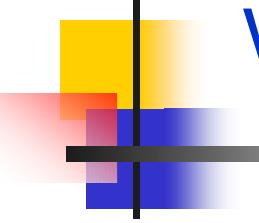
$$\sum_{j=1}^6 W_j \bar{\chi}_{c,j}$$



CO₂ profiles – change in storage term

$$F_{\Delta storage} = \frac{\bar{c}_d}{\Delta t} \left[\int_0^h \chi_c dz \Big|_{t=\Delta t} - \int_0^h \chi_c dz \Big|_{t=0} \right]$$





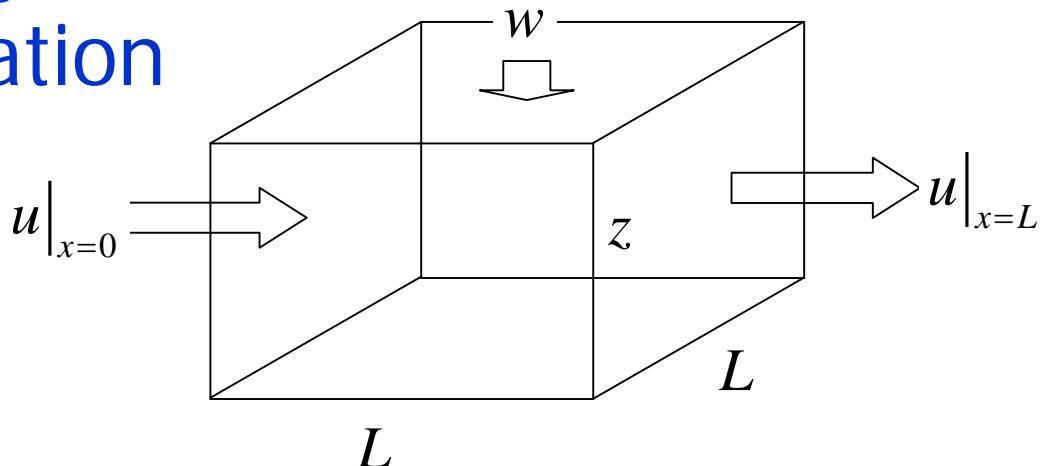
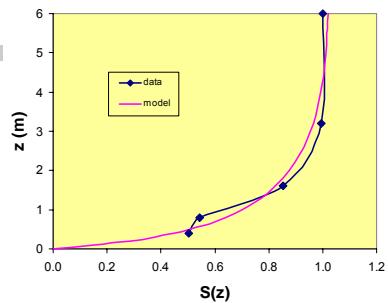
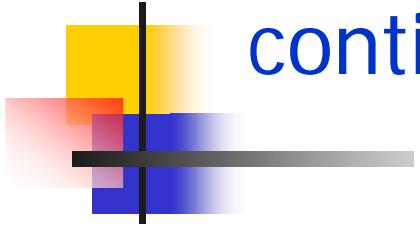
Vertical advection

Product rule of integration

$$\int_0^h \left(-\bar{w} \frac{\partial \bar{\chi}_c}{\partial z} \right) dz = \bar{w}(h) \bar{\chi}_c(h) - \int_0^h \left(\bar{\chi}_c \frac{\partial \bar{w}}{\partial z} \right) dz$$

- Need
 - Vertical velocity profile
 - CO₂ mixing ratio profiles

Vertical velocity: continuity equation



$$\bar{w}(z) = \frac{-1}{L} \Delta \left[\int_0^z \bar{u}(\zeta) d\zeta \right] - \frac{-1}{L} \Delta \left[\int_0^z \bar{v}(\zeta) d\zeta \right]$$

$$\bar{w}(z) = \frac{-1}{L} [\Delta u_h + \Delta v_h] \int_0^z S(\zeta) d\zeta$$

$$\frac{d\bar{w}}{dz} = \frac{-1}{L} [\Delta u_h + \Delta v_h] S(z)$$

Vertical advection

$$\int_0^h \left(\bar{w} \frac{\partial \bar{\chi}_c}{\partial z} \right) dz = \bar{w}(h) \bar{\chi}_c(h) - \int_0^h \left(\bar{\chi}_c \frac{\partial \bar{w}}{\partial z} \right) dz$$

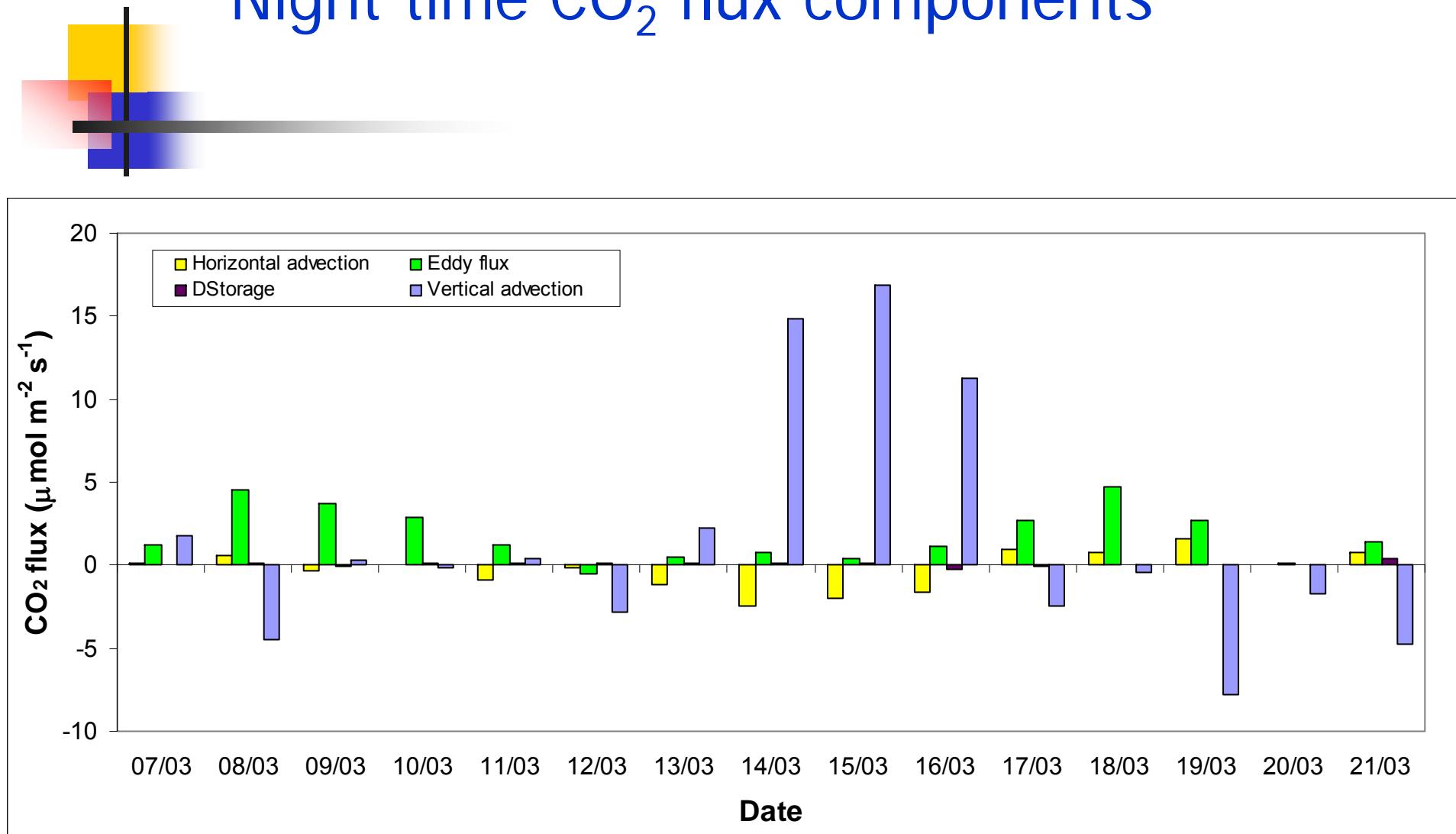
$$= \bar{w}(h) \left[\bar{\chi}_c(h) - \frac{\int_0^h \bar{\chi}_c(z) S(z) dz}{\int_0^h S(z) dz} \right]$$

Vertical velocity
at top of CV

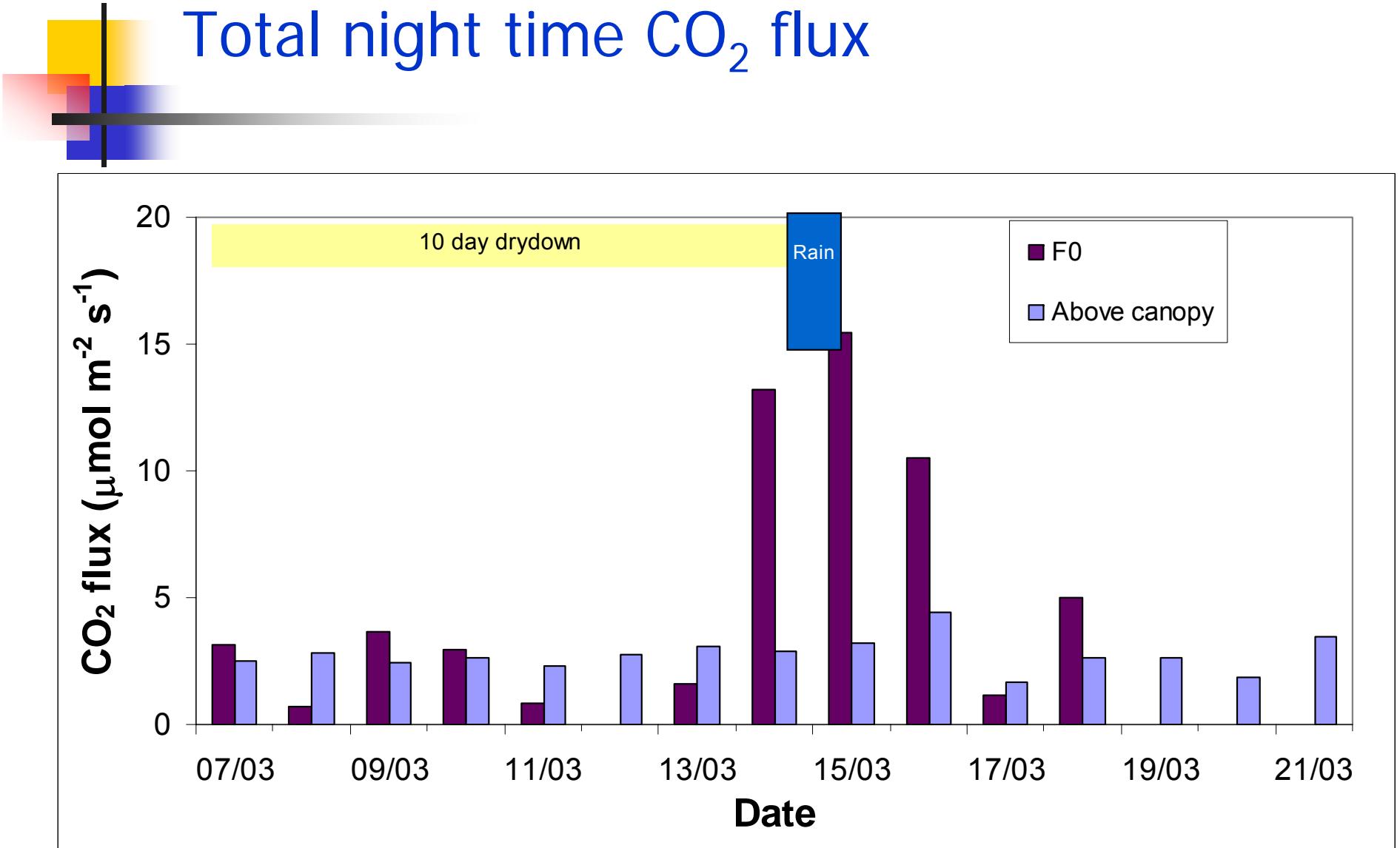
Mixing ratio
at top of CV

Shape-factor weighted
mixing ratio within CV

Night time CO₂ flux components

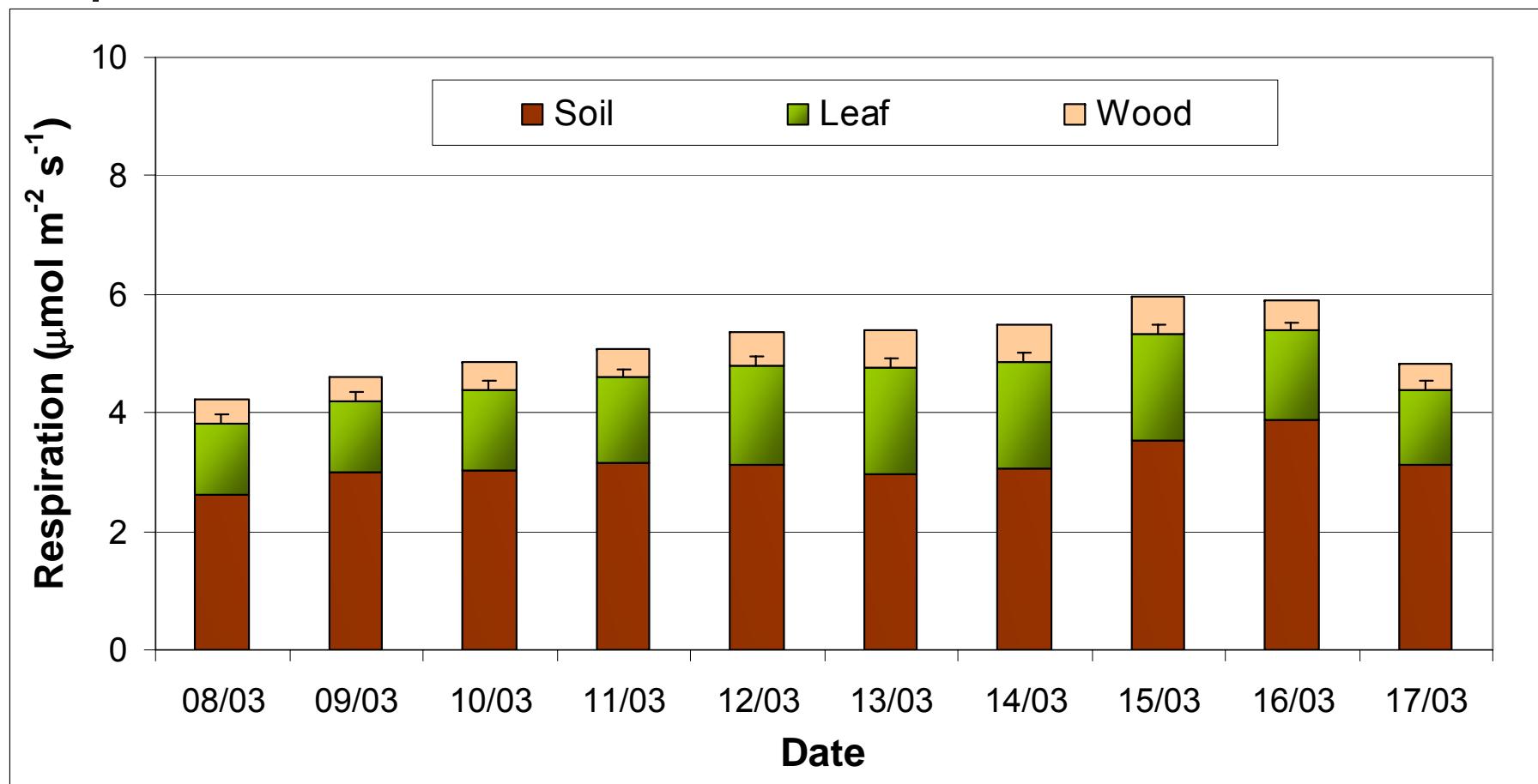


Total night time CO₂ flux



Soil + Leaf + Wood respiration Chamber measurements

Courtesy of Dr Heather Keith, CSIRO





Night time averages: 8 - 17 March

	Main mast ¹ ($\mu\text{mol CO}_2 \text{ m}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$)	Mass balance ² ($\mu\text{mol CO}_2 \text{ m}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$)	Soil + Leaf respiration ³ ($\mu\text{mol CO}_2 \text{ m}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$)
Mean	2.83	3.18	4.65
s.e of mean	0.22	1.82	0.15

¹Eddy flux @70 m + ΔStorage

²Full mass balance on control volume below canopy

³Soil + leaf + wood respiration from biometric measurements



Summary

- Drainage flows cause horizontal and vertical advection at night
- Average eddy flux + change in storage underestimates NCE because advection not measured
- $\Delta\text{storage}$, horizontal advection & eddy fluxes same order of magnitude at night
- Horizontal advection can be positive or negative
- Vertical velocity can be estimated using continuity equation
- Vertical advection large, variable, \pm sign & dominates night time mass balance calculations
- u_* threshold method produces unreliable NCE estimates
- Van Gorsel method using $\max\{\text{eddy flux} + \Delta\text{Storage}\}$ recommended